# Grade Level Performance Indicator Progression

Office of Curriculum, Instruction and Student Support / Instructional Services Branch

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# **GRADE LEVEL PERFORMANCE INDICATOR (GLPI) PROGRESSION FOR EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY**

The Grade Level Performance Indicators (GLPIs) for the Hawaii Content and Performance Standards were developed to further refine the HCPS benchmarks by providing statements for each grade that describe student work and performance that result from quality instruction. The *Grade Level Performance Indicator Progression* is organized by strands and content standards and display the progression of student performance from kindergarten through grade 12. For each benchmark, one or more grade level performance indicators are provided.

**TYPES OF STANDARDS.** The Grade Level Performance Indicator Progression identifies two types of standards, benchmarks, and indicators: essential and desirable.

**Essential** standards, benchmarks, and/or indicators are expectations for *all* students and *must* be addressed by schools in instruction. Students must be provided with learning opportunities to learn and attain the standards. The essential standards, benchmarks, and/or indicators are indicated in boldface type in this document.

**Desirable** standards, benchmarks, and/or indicators are standards that are expectations for *some* students. On the elementary level, the decision to address these standards is made collaboratively by school staff. The desirable standards are addressed in units or lessons as determined by teachers and student needs and interests. On the secondary level, schools make the decision to address desirable standards via their course offerings. Students choose to take elective courses based on their needs and interests. Desirable standards may be addressed in elective courses and in required courses as needs and interests indicate. *The desirable standards, benchmarks, and/or indicators are indicated by italic type in this document.* 

**TARGET AUDIENCES.** The *Grade Level Performance Indicator (GLPI) Progression* is intended primarily for use by classroom teachers to design and plan standards-based instructional units, lessons, and/or activities. The GLPI Progression can also be used by school administrators and other school curriculum leaders. For example, the GLPI Progression can be used as reference points against which the school's curriculum can be mapped and compared. The GLPI Progression can also be used to communicate to parents what the school expects of their children.

**INTENDED USE.** The Grade Level Performance Indicators (GLPIs) should not be thought of as the only "indicators" of student performance and progress. While it is very likely that students are meeting the standards and benchmarks associated with that

indicator if they can demonstrate what is described in the indicator, multiple forms of assessments are needed to validate student knowledge, skills, and ability to meet the standards.

The *Grade Level Performance Indicator (GLPI) Progression* was developed to provide grade-by-grade definition to the Hawaii Content and Performance Standards. The GLPIs provide clarity to grade level and subject area teachers as to what is expected of students as they attain the HCPS benchmarks. They provide coherence and lessen the likelihood of gaps or unnecessary repetition in the curriculum. Most importantly, the GLPIs are meant to provide a level of consistency, standardization, and equity in curriculum, instruction, and assessment across all classrooms in each grade level across the state. The Instructional Guides, along with the other documents in the Standards Toolkit (Curriculum Framework, Grade Level Performance Indicator Progression, and Content Area Scope and Sequence) are to be used as a resource to enable teachers to focus on improving the quality of teaching and supporting increased student achievement of the Hawaii Content and Performance Standards.

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## Standard 1: BASIC OPERATIONS AND CONCEPTS—Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operation of technology systems. Students are proficient in the use of technology.

		GRADE K PERFORMANCE	GRADE 1 PERFORMANCE	<b>GRADE 2 PERFORMANCE</b>	GRADE 3 PERFORMANCE
	<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
•	Use input devices for	The student:	The student:	The student:	The student:
	computers such as the	<ul> <li>Identifies computer-based</li> </ul>	• Manages files (save,	• Creates a product as	Performs basic computer
	mouse, keyboard, and	technologies: keyboard and	open) on removable	directed, creates a new file	processes including
	microphone and various	mouse, monitor, printer, hard	media (e.g., floppy disk)	and enters appropriate file	creating, storing, and
	information storage	drive, floppy drive, CD-ROM,	and a networked drive.	name, saves files to a hard	editing text and graphic
	devices such as disk	digital camera, laptop.	Understands computer-	drive in an identified	information on a
	drives.	• Uses, carefully and	based terms: file, save	location (e.g., folder), and	computer.
•	Use a variety of media	appropriately, computer-based	file, edits file.	retrieves it at a later time.	Demonstrates
	and technology resources	technologies: moves mouse,	Demonstrates good	Understands computer-	competency in accessing
	for directed and	clicks mouse, double-clicks	control of a mouse,	based terms: network,	information from CD-
	independent learning	mouse, identifies letters on	including: clicking and	directory, spreadsheet.	ROMs and other storage
	activities and the	keyboard, identifies special	double-clicking, dragging	• Connects to a selected	media, from software
	creation of products.	keys (e.g., Esc), uses CD-	and dropping, selecting	printer on a network.	programs, and from the
•	Communicate appropriate	ROM, accesses and exits	objects or text.	• Uses digital cameras and	Internet as appropriate to
	terminology for	software following correct	• Learns the various controls	video cameras as directed	complete directed and
	technology tools and	procedure, prints files, turns	of a digital still or video	and records to removable	independent learning
	concepts.	computer on/off using proper	camera that affect the	media and uploads the	activities and to create
•	Demonstrate proper care	startup ana shutaown	quality of an image.	images or movies to a	products.
	procedures for hardware	proceaures.	• Uses pulldown menus in a	computer.	• Saves and backs up data
	and software devices.	Understands computer-based     tammal aurgan	program and knows		onto appropriate media (floppy, hand drive, CD P
		software/hardware_Internet	where the commonly-		(Jioppy, nara arive, CD-K,
		software/naraware, internet,	used commands are		memory cara, etc.) using
		Bassarizes image and motion	located.		proper cure and using
		Recognizes image and motion- organizes devices: digital still			the information is stored
		capture devices, algual sill cameras and video cameras			safely and securely
		<ul> <li>Identifies the computer as a</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Understands computer_</li> </ul>
		- identifies the computer ds d machine that helps people			hased terms: spreadsheet
		work and play			cell row column
		work unu piuy.			

Standard 2: SOCIAL, ETHICAL, AND HUMAN ISSUES—Students understand the ethical, cultural, and societal issues related to technology. Students practice responsible use of technology systems, information, and software.

		G	RADE K PERFORMANCE	GI	RADE 1 PERFORMANCE	GI	RADE 2 PERFORMANCE	GI	RADE 3 PERFORMANCE
	<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>		INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS
•	Work as a contributing	The	student:	The	e student:	The	e student:	The	e student:
	member of a team (which	•	Gives examples of people	•	<b>Follows School Computer</b>	•	Follows School Computer	•	<b>Regularly shows</b>
	can include peers and		connected to each other using		Policy (Acceptable Use		Policy		responsible behavior for
	others) when using		computer-based technologies		Policy for Internet	•	Continues to demonstrate		the care of computers and
	technology in the		and why they need to follow		included).		proper care and use of		of information stored in
	classroom.		rules.	•	<b>Demonstrates proper</b>		technological equipment		computers in the
•	Describe and personally				care and use of		and software, both for		classroom.
	demonstrate positive				technological equipment		standalone and networked	•	Contributes work as a
	social and ethical				and software.		computers.		member of a team in
	behaviors when using			٠	<b>Recognizes and respects</b>	•	Shows applied "netiquette"		creating a product of a
	technology or as a means				ownership of another		rules while online.		learning activity that uses
	of communication or				person's work.				computer technology.
	creating a product or			•	Helps neighbor while			•	Describes an ethical and
	service.				using computers in a lab.				responsible user of the
•	Give reasons for								Internet.
	exercising appropriate							•	Makes the analogy
	caution when using the								between stealing and
	Internet.								software piracy or license
•	Describe and demonstrate								violation and states
	the ability to practice								reasons why intellectual
	responsible use of								property needs to be
	technology systems and								protected.
	software.								
•	Identify the ways in								
	which concepts of								
	personal property apply								
	to technology.					1			

Standard 3: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PRODUCTIVITY—Students use technology tools to enhance learning, increase productivity, and promote creativity. Students use productivity tools to collaborate in constructing technology-enhanced models, preparing publications, and producing other creative works.

			GRADE 1		
		GRADE K PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE	<b>GRADE 2 PERFORMANCE</b>	GRADE 3 PERFORMANCE
	<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
•	Create appropriate	The student:	The student:	The student:	The student:
	multimedia products	• Uses the computer to learn	• Uses the computer for	• Uses the computer to	• Uses the computer to refine
	and presentations	how to manipulate text.	learning additional	improve products.	documents for printing and
	appropriate to own	- Creates, opens, closes,	ways to manipulate text	- Creates two versions of	distribution.
	developmental level.	and saves a document:	and graphics to make	the same file by	- Enters and modifies text:
•	Know features and uses	uses pull down menus;	documents more	modifying one and	uses undo and redo; text
	of current and emerging	opens file; closes file;	interesting and effective.	saving it with a different	wraps.
	technology.	uses Save and Save As.	- Enters and modifies	file name that has	- Prints documents: uses
•	Use similar technology	- Enters text and	text: copies text,	relation to the first one.	print preview and zoom;
	resources (e.g., puzzles,	modifies text: enters	pastes text, selects	- Uses a draw/paint	prints selected parts of
	logical thinking	text; deletes text.	text, changes font	program to resize and	document.
	programs, writing tools,	- Knows location of and	style (e.g., bold),	rotate an object.	- Formats documents:
	digital cameras, drawing	uses for special keys	changes font size	- Creates a slideshow:	changes line spacing;
	tools) for problem-	such as spacebar,	(e.g., size 26).	inserts a slide; adds	selects page orientation.
	solving, communication,	return, shift, option,	<ul> <li>Adds graphics in a word</li> </ul>	sound; adds graphic;	Uses developmentally
	and illustration of	command, caps lock,	processing program: e.g.,	adds a variety of	appropriate software programs
	thoughts, ideas, and	and delete.	WordArt.	transitions; shows	to create stories, reports or
	stories.	- Prints whole	• Uses proper language	slideshow to class.	essays that combine any
		documents.	conventions (capitals,	• Participates in a whole-class	combination of text, pictures,
		• Adds graphics to a text	punctuation, spaces, etc.)	project with teacher using a	sounds, and video.
		document to make it more	while creating	spreadsheet to display data,	Progresses satisfactorily
		interesting and effective.	documents.	do calculations, and chart	through software programs that
		This includes learning the	• Expands on skills using	selected information.	are designed to strengthen basic
		following skills:	paint and draw programs		skills and critical thinking skills
		- Adds graphics to a	(e.g. line, circle, square,		in various content areas (such
		word processing	patterns, and color tools).		as programs relating to math,
		accument: inserts clip			reading, science, and music).
		art. Usos a drawing sint			Understands and uses
		- Uses a araw/paint			spreadsheet programs: enters
		bar: usas color palatta			data in appropriate fields,
		bar; uses color palette.			identifies cells, creates charts,
					prints spreadsheet.

#### **GRADES K TO 3**

Standard 4: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR COMMUNICATIONS—Students use technology to communicate, collaborate, publish, and interact with peers, experts, and other audiences. Students use a variety of media and formats to communicate information and ideas effectively to multiple audiences.

		<b>GRADE K PERFORMANCE</b>	GRADE 1 PERFORMANCE	<b>GRADE 2 PERFORMANCE</b>	<b>GRADE 3 PERFORMANCE</b>
	<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
•	Access, process,	The student:	The student:	The student:	The student:
•	Access, process, organize, and communicate information using the appropriate technology communication tools to gather information and to communicate with others (e.g., using e- mail, the Internet, video, telephone, word- processor, or paper- and-pencil to create a class poster on a selected theme).	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Identifies and uses the forward and backwards page arrows, home, and links in various programs.</li> <li>Participates in a teacher-directed group project using telecommunications tools (telephone, e-mail, ask an expert, etc.).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Explores functions of web browser and identifies characteristics of teacher- specified websites.</li> <li>Creates projects for display (e.g., on school bulletin board and parent newsletter).</li> <li>Creates a simple story to be shared with other students and parents using computer technology.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Strengthens web browser skills: uses search engines, bookmarks or favorites, and history location box.</li> <li>Uses drawing and painting programs to enhance text documents and to create flyers, posters, display boards, etc.</li> <li>Uses telecommunications tools to participate in group projects (e-mail, electronic postcards, ask an expert, etc.).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Uses electronic means of communication to connect and do interactive messaging with another student outside of the classroom.</li> <li>States where to find online sources of "experts" (live or automated) that can help him/her in creating products of learning activity in the classroom.</li> </ul>
•	Describe various technology tools and their functions in communication				

Standard 5: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR RESEARCH—Students use technology to locate, evaluate, and collect information from a variety of sources. Students use technology tools to process data and report results. Students evaluate and select new information resources and technological innovations based on the appropriateness to specific tasks.

		GRADE K PERFORMANCE	GRADE 1 PERFORMANCE	GRADE 2 PERFORMANCE	GRADE 3 PERFORMANCE
	<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
•	<ul> <li>Identify and use print</li> </ul>	The student:	The student:	The student:	The student:
	and electronic sources	• Describes what the teacher	• Follows directions for	• Finds information on	Uses online and standalone
	of databases in the	is doing when navigating	using a CD-ROM-based	selected websites by using	electronic reference
	collection,	within a CD-ROM-based	encyclopedia or dictionary	the search function on the	materials, such as CD-ROM
	organization, and	or Internet-based reference	following directions given	particular website.	and online encyclopedias.
	display of data.	source.	by teacher.	• Uses CD-ROMs, the	Knows what kinds of print
	<ul> <li>Process information</li> </ul>			Internet, and other	and online information
	retrieved electronically			electronic resources for	resources are available at
	(e.g., retrieving some			locating information on	the school library.
	statistical information			specific academic subjects	Distinguishes between
	over the Internet and			being covered.	relevant and irrelevant
	turning the information				information using criteria.
	into a chart or graph).				

#### **GRADES K TO 3**

## Standard 6: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PROBLEM SOLVING AND DECISION MAKING—Students use technology resources for solving problems and making informed decisions. Students employ technology in the development of strategies for solving problems in the real world.

	<b>GRADE K PERFORMANCE</b>	<b>GRADE 1 PERFORMANCE</b>	<b>GRADE 2 PERFORMANCE</b>	GRADE 3 PERFORMANCE
<b>BENCHMARKS K-3</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
Describe and explain a	The student:	The student:	The student:	The student:
simple information system that has input, process, output, and feedback.	• Understands basic elements of an information system: input, process, output, and feedback.	• As a class member, explores websites that address a particular problem or issue chosen by the class that requires input by the student or teacher and returns a feedback result that gives useful information.	<ul> <li>Explains the terms input, process, and output and gives an example in computer use.</li> <li>Creates simple decision trees and flowcharts that apply to a problem situation given by the teacher.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Describes and explains different systems, living and non-living, that are similar to the way computers work (e.g., an animal brain) as regards input, processing, output, and feedback.</li> <li>Works with software to develop problem-solving skills through interactivity.</li> </ul>

## Standard 1: BASIC OPERATIONS AND CONCEPTS—Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operation of technology systems. Students are proficient in the use of technology.

BENCHMARKS 4-5	GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
<ul> <li>Use keyboard commands, menu commands, toolbars, and other navigational tools in the operation of software that extends beyond minimal functions (e.g., advanced word processing skills, more complex graphics manipulation, automated macro functions).</li> <li>Identify and understand the differences between non-networked and networked computers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Uses word processing software and standard touch-typing keyboarding skills to create documents.</li> <li>Can explain the different ways one can connect to the Internet or local area network.</li> <li>Performs basic troubleshooting tasks.</li> <li>Creates and stores digital images and videos using any of the following (depending upon availability): scanner, digital camera, digital camcorder.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Follows formatting standards for electronic documents in preparing a document (e.g., readable fonts, one space after each word, page alignments, tabs and ruler settings).</li> <li>Inserts and customizes footers and headers.</li> <li>Reads and applies information from software manuals and/or online help to perform desired operations.</li> <li>Explains and demonstrates the differences in operations between working on standalone and networked computers. As an example, the student can show that information on a networked computer gets updated continuously and information on a standalone computer does not.</li> <li>Compares and contrasts LANs, Internet, and intranets.</li> </ul>

Standard 2: SOCIAL, ETHICAL, AND HUMAN ISSUES—Students understand the ethical, cultural, and societal issues related to technology. Students practice responsible use of technology systems, information, and software.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 4-5</b>	GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	<b>GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS</b>
•	Identify and take a position on basic	The student:	The student:
	issues related to responsible use of technology and information, and	• Recognizes the need for laws in our society and give examples of laws that relate to computers and	• States in own words the rules of the computer lab and gives reasons for the rules.
	describe personal consequences of inappropriate use.	computer products. Example: knowing the differences among Public Domain software (can be	• Gives examples of how technology and its use is regulated by laws.
•	Give examples of common uses of technology in daily life and the advantages and disadvantages of those	freely copied and distributed), Shareware (can be copied and shared, but user is obligated to pay fee to author of the program), and commercial software	• Describes negative consequences of software piracy, computer hacking of secure systems, identity theft, and invasion of privacy on one hand and the importance of
•	uses. Explain the capabilities and limitations	(produced and sold by a company for profit with legal consequences for not following license agreements)	protecting intellectual property and privacy on the other hand.
	of the different technological media and how they influence the communication of messages.	<ul> <li>Understands and abides by acceptable use policies and other school rules on the use of the Internet and other electronic technologies.</li> </ul>	• Describes the different ways that text, voice, pictures, and video are distributed by computers and related technologies and how each means of distribution affects both the receiver of the information and the nature of the
		• Gives examples of how computers and other electronic tools are used in daily life and how life would be different without them.	<ul><li>information.</li><li>Cites examples of careers that require computer literacy.</li></ul>

Standard 3: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PRODUCTIVITY—Students use technology tools to enhance learning, increase productivity, and promote creativity. Students use productivity tools to collaborate in constructing technology-enhanced models, preparing publications, and producing other creative works.

BENCHMARKS 4-5	GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
<ul> <li>Use general purpose productivity tools (word processor, spreadsheet, and database) and peripherals to support personal productivity, to facilitate learning throughout the curriculum, and to remediate skill deficits.</li> <li>Use technology tools (e.g., multimedia authoring, presentation, web tools, digital cameras, scanners) for individual and collaborative writing, communication, and publishing activities to create knowledge products for audiences inside and outside the classroom.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses a presentation or drawing program to create an electronic slideshow.</li> <li>Uses a database program to create an original database as a group activity.</li> <li>Uses a basic drawing/painting program's tools (line, shapes, eraser, brushes, repeated patterns, etc.) to create and manipulate the elements placed into a picture.</li> <li>Uses a spreadsheet program to organize and present relevant data.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Uses word processors to do a variety of written works, such as letters, reports, poems, and stories.</li> <li>Uses spreadsheets to help solve problems in math, science, and social studies and to look for patterns in data based on graphs created by the spreadsheet program.</li> <li>Uses a database program to collect, organize, sort, and filter information, and to report the information in various forms depending on the purpose of the reporting.</li> <li>Creates multimedia and hypermedia products individually or collaboratively to communicate a message, report on a project or activity, or present a product to various audiences.</li> </ul>

#### **GRADES 4 TO 5**

Standard 4: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR COMMUNICATIONS—Students use technology to communicate, to collaborate, publish, and interact with peers, experts, and other audiences. Students use a variety of media and formats to communicate information and ideas effectively to multiple audiences.

	BENCHMARKS 4-5	GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
٠	Use telecommunications efficiently	The student:	The student:
	and effectively to access remote	• Independently uses telecommunications to retrieve	Uses telecommunications to retrieve and share
	information and communicate with	information from various sources (e.g. websites,	information on a topic of personal interest effectively and
	others in support of directed and	experts, organizations) on a topic of personal	efficiently. For example, student participates in an online
	independent learning and for pursuit	interest.	group project (such as geography exploration, weather
	of personal interests.	• Uses technology tools independently (e.g.,	reporting, current events tracking) to practice exchange
٠	Explain the advantages and	multimedia authoring, presentation, web tools,	of information gathering and reporting with students in
	disadvantages in the use of various	digital cameras) to exchange information with others	remote locations.
	technologies to deliver information	who share the same interest to produce knowledge	Creates new e-mail messages, replies to received
	for a target audience (e.g., compare	products for various audiences.	messages, and saves selected messages.
	communication through video over		Explains which means of communication and
	mass media; e-mail over the Internet,		distribution of information is the most effective for a
	CD-ROM, or person-to-person).		given purpose or audience (such as the web for
			information that changes daily, or books for information
			that does not change at all or slowly over time).

Standard 5: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR RESEARCH—Students use technology to locate, evaluate, and collect information from a variety of sources. Students use technology tools to process data and report results. Students evaluate and select new information resources and technological innovations based on the appropriateness to specific tasks.

	BENCHMARKS 4-5		GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
٠	Determine appropriate technology	The	e student:	Th	e student:
	tools for accessing information and	•	Searches for information independently using	•	Determines and employs methods to evaluate electronic
	resources.		appropriate online resources.		information for accuracy and validity.
٠	Develop media literacy by	•	Accesses, selects, and organizes information for	٠	Demonstrates effective use of Internet search engines to
	identifying the source of information		inclusion into a research product, following proper		find information relevant to the topic of inquiry.
	and the point of view presented for		citing procedures.	٠	Identifies and evaluates the sources as well as
	analysis of any bias (e.g.,				information downloaded from the web.
	distinguishes whether material				
	retrieved over the Internet is fact or				
	opinion and whether the source is				
	primary or secondary).				

## Standard 6: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PROBLEM SOLVING AND DECISION MAKING—Students use technology resources for solving problems and making informed decisions. Students employ technology in the development of strategies for solving problems in the real world.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 4-5</b>	GRADE 4 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	GRADE 5 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
٠	Give examples of how technology	The student:	The student:
	can be used in everyday life to solve	• Uses electronic information to help solve a problem	• Describes how the use of technology affects problem
	problems and influence decisions we	presented by the teacher.	solving and decision making in everyday life.
	make.	Describes both positive and negative impacts of	• Describes how the use of information technology tools
•	Describe how technology affects our	technology on people, society, and the world.	affect the daily lives of students and others.
	world, our society, and ourselves.		• Constructs a flowchart of the components of information
•	Construct technological information		systems showing the use of input, process, output, and
	systems which use input, process,		feedback.
	output, and feedback.		

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Standard 1:	BASIC OPERATIONS AND CONCEPTS-	-Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operation of technology systems.
	Students are proficient in the use of technol	ogy.

		GRADE 6 PERFORMANCE		GRADE 7 PERFORMANCE		<b>GRADE 8 PERFORMANCE</b>
	<b>BENCHMARKS 6-8</b>	INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS
•	Identify, describe, and apply	The student:	Th	ne student:	Th	e student:
	strategies for solving routine	Understands the key features	٠	Understands the more advanced key	•	Distinguishes between hardware-
	hardware and software	and uses of word-processing		features and uses of word-processing		based or software-based problems
	problems that occur during	software.		software.		when computers fail to work and
	everyday use.	- Uses touch-typing techniques		- Builds up typing speed from previous		decides if the problem can be solved by
•	Know features and uses of	to type 10-20 words per		ability level.		self.
	current and emerging	minute.		- Uses a word-processor program to	•	Describes and uses different ways of
	technology.	- Practices using the number		organize ideas (e.g., the program's		connecting to the Internet in school
		pad.		outliner view) before writing the text		and other places.
		- Uses proper punctuation		of a document.	•	Uses the software and hardware
		marks in word processor		- Uses various templates in a word-		needed to view, download,
		documents.		processing program to produce		decompress, and open documents,
		<ul> <li>Formats a paragraph</li> </ul>		different kinds of documents.		files, and programs from
		according to specifications	٠	Describes software and hardware		appropriate and approved Internet
		that include changes in font,		problems that may occur when using		sites and archives.
		alignment, graphics, and		technology.	•	Copies and pastes information from
		spell-checking.	٠	Explains the key features and uses of		an electronic source to a personal
		Applies proper procedures for		database programs.		document with proper citation.
		restoring computer function			•	Compares key features and uses of
		when programs "freeze" or				current and emerging technology.
		otherwise malfunction.				

Standard 2: SOCIAL, ETHICAL, AND HUMAN ISSUES—Students understand the ethical, cultural, and societal issues related to technology. Students practice responsible use of technology systems, information, and software.

BENCHMARKS 6-8INDICATORSINDICATORSINDICATORS• Demonstrate knowledge of current changes in information technologies and the effect those changes have on the workplace and society.The student: • Gives examples of how information technology has changed and affected life globally.The student: • Demonstrates understanding of the concepts on privacy and security. • Identifies both positive and negative effects of technology on possible career choices.The student: • Submits a reflective piece on the topic of intellectual property and its protection.• Give reasons for the establishing of guidelines for legal and ethical behaviors when using information and technology, and discuss responsible use.Identify, compare, and contrast the impact and effects of technology.The student: • Demonstrates understanding of the concepts on privacy and security. • Identifies both positive and negative effects of technology on possible career choices.The student: • Submits a reflective piece on the topic of intellectual property and its protection. • Explains the need for and abides by Acceptable Use Policies on the use of the Internet and other electronic technology.		GRADE 6 PERFORMANCE	GRADE 7 PERFORMANCE	GRADE 8 PERFORMANCE
<ul> <li>Demonstrate knowledge of current changes in information technologies and the effect those changes have on the workplace and society.</li> <li>Give reasons for the establishing of guidelines for legal and ethical behaviors when using information and technology, and discuss responsible use.</li> <li>Identify, compare, and contrast the impact and effects of technology.</li> </ul>	<b>BENCHMARKS 6-8</b>	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	<ul> <li>Demonstrate knowledge current changes in information technologies the effect those changes I on the workplace and soc</li> <li>Give reasons for the establishing of guidelines legal and ethical behavior when using information a technology, and discuss responsible use.</li> <li>Identify, compare, and contrast the impact and effects of technology.</li> </ul>	of     The student:       • Gives examples of how       and       information technology has       changed and affected life       globally.	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Demonstrates understanding of the concepts on privacy and security.</li> <li>Identifies both positive and negative effects of technology on possible career choices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Submits a reflective piece on the topic of intellectual property and its protection.</li> <li>Explains the need for and abides by Acceptable Use Policies on the use of the Internet and other electronic technologies.</li> </ul>

Standard 3: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PRODUCTIVITY—Students use technology tools to enhance learning, increase productivity, and promote creativity. Students use productivity tools to collaborate in constructing technology-enhanced models, preparing publications, and producing other creative works.

		GRADE 6 PERFORMANCE		GRADE 7 PERFORMANCE		<b>GRADE 8 PERFORMANCE</b>
	<b>BENCHMARKS 6-8</b>	INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS
٠	Use content specific tools,	The student:	Th	e student:		The student:
	software, and simulations	Creates a simple spreadsheet	•	Uses a spreadsheet program to present	•	Uses spelling and grammar checks to
	(e.g., environmental probes,	that uses formulas (addition,		data in appropriate chart forms.	ĺ	edit works for errors.
	graphing calculators,	subtraction, multiplication, and	•	Imports spreadsheet information into a	•	Successfully progresses through
	exploratory environments,	division) to automatically		word-processing document.	ĺ	learning software titles specific to
	web tools) to support	calculate results.	•	Uses a database program to organize	ĺ	particular content areas, such as math,
	learning and research.	Imports spreadsheet		data from a group project and to create	ĺ	science, art, and social studies, designed
•	Apply productivity/	information into a word-		reports that summarize the results in	ĺ	for middle school level students.
	multimedia tools and	processing document.		different ways.	•	Creates and uses projection devices to
	peripherals to support	Plans and implements a	•	Uses computer peripherals, such as	ĺ	show hypermedia and multimedia
	personal and group	multimedia presentation on a		probes and simulations to support	ĺ	productions with digital video, audio,
	productivity and	selected topic as a member of a		learning in various content areas.	ĺ	and links to HTML documents or other
	collaboration and learning	work group.			ĺ	programs. Converts presentations for
	throughout the curriculum.	Uses a class-created or other			ĺ	display as web pages as a member of a
		previously-created database to			ĺ	group.
		find information that conforms			ĺ	
		to specified parameters (e.g.,			ĺ	
		males who are taller than five				
		feet).				

#### **GRADES 6 TO 8**

Standard 4: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR COMMUNICATIONS—Students use technology to communicate, to collaborate, publish, and interact with peers, experts, and other audiences. Students use a variety of media and formats to communicate information and ideas effectively to multiple audiences.

		GRADE 6 PERFORMANCE		GRADE 7 PERFORMANCE		GRADE 8PERFORMANCE
	<b>BENCHMARKS 6-8</b>	INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS
•	Design, develop, publish, and	The student:	Tł	he student:	Th	e student:
	present products (e.g., web pages, video tapes) using appropriate technology resources that demonstrate and communicate curriculum concepts to audiences inside and outside the classroom.	<ul> <li>Demonstrates appropriate use of fonts, styles and type sizes as well as effective use of graphics and page design to communicate effectively.</li> <li>States several design principles that make up an effective</li> </ul>	•	Chooses graphs to best represent data and states reasons for choosing a particular type of graph. Participates as a group member in producing a web page with interactive features that allows users to respond to the page authors.	•	Uses a variety of information tools (e.g., websites, presentations, videos, broadcasts) to contribute to a group project that presents a problem, background information, proposed solutions and decisions taken in creating a product that will be posted
•	Collaborate with peers, experts, and others using telecommunications and collaborative tools to investigate curriculum- related problems, issues, and information and to develop solutions or products for audiences inside and outside the classroom.	<ul> <li>llaborate with peers, beerts, and others using ecommunications and laborative tools to estigate curriculumated problems, issues, and formation and to develop utions or products for diences inside and outside classroom.</li> <li>communication product.</li> <li>Participates as a group member in posting project information about a project on the Internet.</li> </ul>				on the web.

Standard 5: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR RESEARCH—Students use technology to locate, evaluate, and collect information from a variety of sources. Students use technology tools to process data and report results. Students evaluate and select new information resources and technological innovations based on the appropriateness to specific tasks.

		GRADE 6 PERFORMANCE		GRADE 7 PERFORMANCE		<b>GRADE 8 PERFORMANCE</b>
	<b>BENCHMARKS 6-8</b>	INDICATORS		INDICATORS		INDICATORS
•	Select and use appropriate	The student:		The student:	Th	e student:
	tools and information	Selects among the information	٠	Uses more advanced Boolean searches	•	Locates and uses appropriate
	technology resources to	resources located within the		and online library catalog to locate		computer resources and technologies
	accomplish a variety of tasks	school to accomplish an assigned		information on an assigned topic.		available beyond the school through
	and solve problems.	research topic. The resources				the Internet (e.g., newsgroups,
•	Research and evaluate the	include standalone computers				listservs, WWW sites, ftp sites, online
	accuracy, relevance,	with CD-ROM based resources,				public access library catalogs,
	appropriateness,	networked computers, printed				commercial databases and online
	comprehensiveness, and bias	material in the library, and				services, and other community,
	of electronic information	human resources.				academic, and government resources).
	sources concerning real-				•	Evaluates computerized electronic
	world problems.					resources, including databases,
						CD-ROM resources, commercial and
						Internet online resources, electronic
						reference works, community and
						government information electronic
						resources and selects those relevant to
						solving a problem.
					•	Evaluates the accuracy and validity
						of information provided by the
						sources.

#### **GRADES 6 TO 8**

Standard 6: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PROBLEM SOLVING AND DECISION MAKING—Students use technology resources for solving problems and making informed decisions. Students employ technology in the development of strategies for solving problems in the real world.

• Demonstrate an understanding of concepts underlying hardware, and practical applications to learning and problem solving,       The student:       The student:
group decision.       • Searches and sorts information using more than one criterion and explains strategies used to find information.

Standard 1: BASIC OPERATIONS AND CONCEPTS—Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operation of technology systems. Students are proficient in the use of technology.

BENCHMARKS 9-12	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
Make informed choices among technology systems,	The student: • Based on the use of various hardware, software, and services selects the most effective or appropriate ones for a given
resources, and services (e.g., cost-benefit analysis).	<ul> <li>situation and justifies his/her choice.</li> <li>Selects and uses web page creation tools that are the most effective for a chosen purpose.</li> </ul>

Standard 2: SOCIAL, ETHICAL, AND HUMAN ISSUES Students understand the ethical, cultural, and societal issues related to technology. Students practice responsible use of technology systems, information, and software.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 9-12</b>	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
٠	Analyze advantages and	The student:
	disadvantages of widespread use of and reliance on technology in the workplace	• Discusses current issues about increasing dependence upon information technology and how this affects oneself as well as society as a whole.
	and in society as a whole.	<ul> <li>Increasingly develops self-monitoring behavior that stops one from using information technology in illegal and unethical ways.</li> <li>Consistently follows proper citation of sources of information, paper-based or electronic, in all work turned in.</li> </ul>

Standard 3: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PRODUCTIVITY Students use technology tools to enhance learning, increase productivity, and promote creativity. Students use productivity tools to collaborate in constructing technology-enhanced models, preparing publications, and producing other creative works.

BENCHMARKS 9-12	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
<ul> <li>Use technology tools and resources for managing and communicating information in situations individuals encounter in the world of work</li> <li>Identify and use advanced features of software programs used in previous grade levels.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The student:</li> <li>Participates in a telementoring program with a business/work world mentor (note: telementoring program needs to follow a recommended structure in order to maintain the safety and privacy of the student participants).</li> <li>Uses specialized, industry-standard computer applications to create products, (e.g., music composition software, computer-assisted drawing and drafting programs, mathematics modeling software, and scientific programs).</li> <li>Goes beyond what has been learned directly from a software program used in class and shows some applications of those self-discovered functions.</li> <li>Uses computer-generated modifiable flow charts, time lines, organizational charts, project plans (such as Gantt charts), and calendars to plan and organize complex group problem-solving tasks.</li> <li>Uses hand-held computers (e.g., personal digital assistants or PDAs) to organize his/her contacts and work.</li> <li>Takes and outlines notes with a word processor, database, presentation, or similar productivity program.</li> <li>Uses electronic spreadsheets, databases, and statistical software to process and analyze statistical data.</li> </ul>

Standard 4: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR COMMUNICATIONS—Students use technology to communicate, collaborate, publish, and interact with peers, experts, and other audiences. Students use a variety of media and formats to communicate information and ideas effectively to multiple audiences.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 9-12</b>	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
•	Routinely and effectively use	The student:
	on-line information resources	• Communicates with others on assignments, tasks, and information problems using e-mail, online discussions (e.g., listservs,
	to meet needs for	threaded Web-based discussions, newsgroups), real-time communications (e.g., instant messaging services, chat rooms, IP
	collaboration, research,	telephony), desktop teleconferencing, and groupware on the Internet, intranets, and local area networks.
	publication, communication,	• Generates topics, defines problems, and facilitates cooperative activities with fellow students and/or subject area experts locally
	and productivity.	and globally using e-mail, online discussions, real-time communications, desktop videoconferencing, and groupware on the
		Internet and local area networks.

Standard 5: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR RESEARCH Students use technology to locate, evaluate, and collect information from a variety of sources. Students use technology tools to process data and report results. Students evaluate and select new information resources and technological innovations based on the appropriateness to specific tasks.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 9-12</b>	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
•	Select and apply information	The student:
	technology tools for research,	• Selects and states clearly a "real world" issue or problem to investigate, using the full range of electronic resources
	information analysis, problem	available at a high school.
	solving, and decision making	• Assesses the value of primary sources of information available on the Internet.
	in learning activities that	• Identifies and applies specific criteria for constructing original data gathering tools, such as online surveys, electronic interviews,
	involve issues or complex	or scientific data-gathering tools (e.g., probes, meters, and timers).
	topics.	• Uses organizational systems and tools specific to electronic information sources that assist in finding specific and general
•	Evaluate technology-based	information (e.g., indexes, tables of contents, user's instructions and manuals, legends, boldface and italics, graphic clues and
	options, including distance	icons, cross-references, Boolean logic strategies, timelines, hypertext links, knowledge trees, and URLs) and selects appropriate
	and distributed education, for	information and properly cites and credits sources.
	self-directed learning.	• Participates in at least one online tutorial, distance-learning course, or other venue for self-learning and verifies participation in
		the activity or writes a reflective piece on the experience.

Standard 6: TECHNOLOGY AS A TOOL FOR PROBLEM SOLVING AND DECISION MAKING—Students use technology resources for solving problems and making informed decisions. Students employ technology in the development of strategies for solving problems in the real world.

	<b>BENCHMARKS 9-12</b>	GRADE 9-12 PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
٠	Investigate and apply expert	The student:
	systems, intelligent agents,	• Works on a "real world" problem and develops an electronic journal of online activities (e.g., discussions, resolution of
	and simulations in real-world	issues, and introduction of new information and follow-up issues) undertaken with external sources and persons on the
	situations.	chosen topic.
•	Give examples of how understanding of how things work and designing solutions	• Creates a flowchart of a complex situation encountered in school or one which could happen in the future using spreadsheets or project tracking, outlining, or "brainstorming organizer," or "idea-generating" software, to come up with multiple solutions and "what if" scenarios and the costs and benefits of each proposed solution.
•	to problems of almost any kind can be facilitated by systems analysis. Identify a social, civic, or economic issue and propose a technological solution.	<ul> <li>Creates and continually monitors a school service learning project to be completed prior to the end of high school which uses information technology tools that will have a positive impact on his/her community ("community" to be defined by the individual student can range from one's family to a much larger entity). Assesses members of the community to determine the efficacy (results) of the projects.</li> <li>Uses e-mail, ftp, groupware, or other telecommunications capabilities to publish the results of a problem-solving activity.</li> </ul>